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The Unconscious Allies of Communism

Those unsavoury rogues who recognise that Britain is the greatest stumbling-block in the way of world-revolution and who, therefore, would like to see Britain commit the folly of disarmament, must have been intensely delighted when they read in the press that two local organisations have played the game of Moscow by passing resolutions in favour of the abandonment of our compulsory training scheme. We hardly think such worthy bodies as the Service Guilds and the Methodist General Conference realise the joy their resolutions is causing in the hearts of such pure-minded patriots as Emil Voigt and ex-parson J. Garden (whom we believe to be identical with ex-clerk Garden of the Defence Department).

When lovely woman stoops to the folly of deserting the home for the hustings she invariably forms societies for minding other people's children while she is round doing good with malice aforethought. Being more instinctive in her reactions than mere man, she is swayed by sentiment rather than reason; thus, the melodramatic makes a strong appeal which finds its outlet in hysterical outpourings against war. The practice of erecting cockshies for the sole purpose of knocking them down again has been a favourite activity of publicists throughout the ages. In this instance the cockshy is the assumption that we as a people are spoiling for another war. There is no ground for such an assumption, still less for the corollary that the scrapping of our totally inadequate defence scheme will be a further advance towards universal peace, the bright idea being that the time is ripe for the lamb to lie down with the lion—and bring along its own milk saucer. It is nothing more than the assertion that ordinary common sense protective measures constitute an incitement towards aggression. All sensible business men take out fire insurance policies, yet we deplore the use of fixe-extinguishers. The fact of a boy learning boxing does not imply that at some future date he will join the "basher gang." The common error of the anti-war propagandists is to confuse defensive measures with aggressive policy, failing utterly to recognise that what the police force is to the city, the defence force is to the nation.

It was upon general and sentimental grounds that the ladies passed their resolution, and, fortunately for the good of Australia, the anti-defence propagandists are still noisy rather than influential. Much piffle was talked about the "moral, degradation" inflicted by compulsory training. One speaker, J. W. Burton, alluded to "the indignity of having to wear the paraphernalia of a military uniform." As sane men, we fail to see any greater indignity in wearing a khaki jacket than in the practice of wearing one's collar reversed; still, fortunately for Mr. Burton's dignity, he suffered the indignity of the home front. As the Rev. T. C. Rentoul pointed out, Mr. Burton was not one of those who enlisted for the war, and had he not liked the position he need not have accepted it.

One suggestion made was that the physical training given daily in our State schools should meet all requirements. Obviously the speaker was talking through his turban. Apart from the fact that all that is necessary is the training of State schools, much of the training given in these schools is carried out by women, and is inadequate even from the purely physical standpoint. It was also suggested that such organisations as the Boys Scouts would create the spirit necessary for the defence of Australia. True enough, but the spirit divorced from specialised training will not be of much service to Australia or any other nation in its day need. The refined booby who shrinks from the ordeal of a rough military camp will shrink even more vigorously from the risks of the firing line. By the way, we have all met that type of "refined boy." He is the sort who can hardly bear the thought of owing to a house wall.

After all, what moral risk does a boy incur while undergoing the discipline of a military camp? Possibly he may hear a certain amount of bad language, or, if he is a lad of the "sissy" type, he may be subjected to a certain amount ofragging, which will be all to the benefit of his future virility. That type of youth will love just as much as he does training for school, or a workshop. Regarding the language, swearing is, unfairly, universally universal in Australia. For instance, the writer has heard just as bad language, in public schools, as anywhere else. The moral question here occurs in military camps; and while the practice of swearing cannot be defended, there are far worse failings. For example, we would rather hear a son of ours swear than be guilty of idle-earings, lack of patriotism, or lying. What was not brought out in the debate was the fact that in military camps the use of alcohol is absolutely prohibited.

The Rev. A. A. Mills, M.C., of Queensland, and the Rev. Eric Nye restored an element of sanity to the debate when they stated that it is the business of the churches and the home to establish moral stability, and that the moral atmosphere of the camps is created by those attending.

In fact, all ministers who have had first-hand experience of war—T. C. Rentoul of Victoria, Mills of Queensland, Eric Nye of W.A. and others—were in favour of the compulsory training scheme and of the discipline it inculcates. They were supported by the veteran schoolmaster, the Rev. Dr. Prescott, of Newington College, Sydney, through whose hands hundreds of boys have passed; and who has been acquainted with cadet training since the old voluntary days. That is to say, all those qualified by knowledge and experience to speak upon the subject opposed the resolution.

As we remarked at the beginning of this article, the passing of such a resolution will cause joy among the frowsy heelerers of Moscow, who will welcome the adherence of such allies. The Communists' objection to militarism, as he terms any type of defence, is based upon no spirit of altruism, upon no moral grounds. For his part, he realises that he cannot overturn the existing order without revolutionary violence, and that in such an eventuality the government will be compelled to call out the forces to maintain law and order. From this point of view, the Women's Service Guilds and the Methodist General Conference, albeit unconsciously, have rendered the forces that make for disruption a signal service.
State Executive Meetings
29th May, 1929.

Present: Messrs. Collett, Riley, Parker, Philip, Watt, Young, Sadler, Longmore, Smith, Tozer, Pady, Tyler, Margolin, Cooke, Lovell, Freedman, and Dunkley.

Apologies were received from Messrs. Cornall and Logie.

Anzac Day Letters.—The Secretary reported that an interview had taken place with the Secretary of the Coastal Dock, Rivers and Harbour Works Union of Workers, and cases were being submitted in writing.

Leaves Lighthouse.—In connection with the appointment of a non-retired soldier as relief officer at this Lighthouse, the Secretary reported what action had been taken. The report was received and action endorsed.

Federal Correspondence.—Correspondence from the Federal Executive was received.

Invitations.—Harvey.—An invitation from the Harvey Sub-Branch to attend a social on June 12 was left in the hands of the President.

The Popanyinning Sub-Branch had arranged to hold the formal opening of the Sub-Branch on June 15. The State Secretary and one other member of the Executive were appointed.

The Fremantle Sub-Branch extended an invitation to their Grand Centenary Social and Dance, to be held on June 3. Rabbi Freedman and the State Secretary accepted.

28th Battalion Association.—Major Parker accepted an invitation from the 28th Battalion Association to attend a smoke social on June 7.

New Sub-Branches.—Approval was granted for the formation of the following sub-branches: (a) Mundaring, (b) Bayswater.

In connection with the inaugural meetings of these branches, Mr. Cooke reported concerning Mundaring, and Mr. Parker re Bayswater.

Resignation.—Mr. W. J. Hunt tendered his resignation as a member of the State Executive. He advised that urgent business reasons brought about his decision. It was decided that the resignation be accepted with regret and that the next on the list, Mr. Mellor, be asked to take his seat at the next meeting.

Membership Drive.—The Secretary of the Broome Sub-Branch forwarded information concerning his efforts to increase membership in the district, and also detailed the excellent financial position of the sub-branch.

League Representation, London, Armistice Day and Anzac Day.—A letter was received from Colonel Manning, stating that he had again placed a wreath on the Cenotaph on Anzac Day on behalf of the Western Australian Branch. He considered that the League as a whole had not been adequately represented.

Moved by Colonel Margolin, seconded by Mr. Watt, that Colonel Manning be thanked for placing a wreath on the Cenotaph on Anzac Day on behalf of this State Branch, and he be asked to continue to represent the W.A. Branch at Armistice and Anzac Day celebrations in future, any expense incurred to be met by the Branch.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Philip, seconded by Mr. Longmore, that the question of League representation in London at Armistice and Anzac Day celebrations each year be placed on the agenda paper for the forthcoming Federal Congress.—Carried.

Empire Week.—Mr. Hastings C. Reid, Secretary of the Empire Trading and Shopping Council of W.A., wrote on behalf of the Council expressing gratitude and appreciation of the support rendered by the League to the Empire Trading and Shopping Movement. The letter was received.

The letter from the Federal Executive previously referred to and dealing with the suggestion that August 4 be recognised as 'Trade within the Empire' Day, was then considered.

Moved by Mr. Watt, seconded by Mr. Yeates, that the Federal Executive be requested to write to and details be given as to what action has been taken in this State to promote Empire trade, also to forward a copy of the letter received from the Shopping Council.—Carried.

Election of Delegate, B.E.S.L.—In connection with the protest lodged by this State Branch against the action of the Federal President in declaring Mr. E. Turnbull elected as second delegate to the B.E.S.L. Conference, a reply was received from the Federal President, and, on the motion of Mr. Philip, seconded by Mr. Watt, was referred to the Management Committee.

Federal Congress.—With reference to the attitude of the Tasmanian State Branch in declining to agree to allow the Federal Congress to take place in Western Australia this year, the State President reported that no reply had been received by him from Colonel Mullen, to whom he had written on April 29. It was reported to the meeting that information had reached the office which attributed an exterior motive to the W.A. Branch in its desire to have Congress held in its State. After discussion, it was moved by Mr. Longmore, seconded by Mr. Yeates, that the State President be asked to make available to the press a statement giving reasons which actuated the desire to have the Congress here.—Carried.

Armistice Medals.—Information was submitted to the delegates concerning the Armistice Medal struck by the Royal Mint commemorating the 10th anniversary of Armistice Day.

Moved by Mr. Watt, seconded by Mr. Philip, that this information be published in the "Listening Post" and that two large medals be purchased for the Executive office.—Carried.

The fact that a customs duty is being charged on these medals provoked discussion, and the following resolution was carried:

Moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Yeates, that the Federal Executive be asked to draw the attention of the Minister for Customs to the fact that duty at the rate of 35 per cent. was being charged.

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"SWAN" BRAND TOMATO SAUCE is Delicious
on medals of a patriotic character and sentimental value.—Carried.

Employment, Mines Department.—Information was submitted to delegates that a returned soldier employed in the Mines Department had been dismissed owing, it was said, to the fact that the Arbitration Court award provided a higher rate of pay. The Department declined to pay the higher rate. The matter was referred to the Pensions Committee for enquiry and action.

Reports.—The State Secretary read a report of the operations of the office for the preceding fortnight, and dealt with his visit to Wickepin, Narrogin and Mt. Barker. The report was received.

Finance Committee.—The report of the Finance Committee meeting held on the 28th May was submitted by Mr. Tyler. The recommendation that the League become a member of the Royal Automobile Club was adopted.

The report stated that a profit of £10 9s. 6d. had been made on the Centenary Ball. Moved by Mr. Smith, seconded by Mr. Parker, that the thanks of the Executive be tendered to Mr. Cooke for his efforts to ensure the success of the Ball.—Carried.

House Committee.—The report of the House Committee, dealing with the dining room, was read, and discussion deferred until next meeting.

Land Committee.—Mr. Yeates submitted a report of an interview which the Land Committee had with Mr. McLarty on Saturday, May 18. The report was received.

Pensions Committee.—Mr. Longmore submitted a report of the Pensions Committee held on May 22. The report was received and adopted.

Concession Fares.—The recommendation that the matter of concession fares be again submitted to the State Congress was adopted.

Hospital Treatment.—Concerning the matter of hospital treatment for war widows and children, the report recommended that the Mt. Lawley Sub-Branch be informed of what action had been taken and it be suggested to them to submit the matter again to the State Congress.—Adopted.

War Pensions Appeal Board.—Recommendations dealing with the submission of cases to the War Pensions Appeal Board and the circularising of sub-branches were adopted.

Women's Auxiliary, State Executive.—The report of the Secretary of the Women's Auxiliary State Executive was laid on the table for the information of members.

Art Union.—A progress report of the Art Union was received.

12th June, 1929.

Present.—Colonel Collett, Messrs. Philip, Watt, Smith, Tozer, Pady, Tyler, Margolin, Freedman, Dunkley, and Bader.

Apologies were received from Messrs. Parker, Yeates, Longmore, Cornell, Logie, Cook, and Lovell.

New Delegate.—Mr. Carl Bader, a new delegate to the Executive, was welcomed by the President.

Election, B.E.S.L. Delegates.—The State President advised that the Management Committee still had this matter under consideration.

Employment, Mines Department.—The Secretary reported that this case had been adjusted for the time being.

House Committee Report.—The report of the House Committee, consideration of which was deferred from the last meeting, was then dealt with. The report recommended that the Dining Room be again closed, and the room be used for social functions, etc. The report was received and adopted.

Federal Correspondence.—Correspondence from the Federal Executive, under the following headings, was received:

(a) Travelling Allowance.
(b) Statement of Accounts.—In this connection the Secretary was instructed to ascertain the membership of the League as at 31/12/28.
(c) War Pension Appeals.
(d) Anzac Day.
(e) War Medals and Ribbons.
(f) Appointment of General Secretary.

(g) C.P.S. Recreation Leave.—A copy of this letter to be sent to the West Perth Sub-Branch.
(h) Stomach Troubles.
(i) Sustenance whilst Incapacitated.—
Referred to Pensions Sub-Committee.
(j) War Service Homes.—The Secretary was instructed to give publicity to this matter.

Invitations.—An invitation was received from the Campion-Geealin Sub-Branch to the Annual Meeting, to be held on the 13th July. This was left in the hands of the President.

Merredin.—The Merredin Sub-Branch extended an invitation to the State President and members of the Executive to attend the Eastern Wheatbelt Re-Union, on the 13th September. The President and Rabbi Freedman accepted.

The Moora Sub-Branch desired Executive representation at a meeting to be held on Saturday, June 22nd. The State Secretary, Col. Dunkley, and Messrs. Tyler and Bader were appointed.

Kalumunda.—Colonel Dunkley and Mr. R. R.
THE LISTENING POST

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CORRESPONDENCE INVITED

WESTERN AUSTRALIAN WINES. The Secretary was instructed to send a copy of this letter to THE LISTENING POST.

Memorial Hall Site, Merredin.—A request from the Merredin Sub-Branch, to buy Lot No. 407, Merredin, which was granted them for the purpose of building a memorial, vested in the name of the Leagues, was referred to the Trustees for action.

King's Birthday.—A letter from the Northam Sub-Branch concerning the King's Birthday was received.

Exhibition, War Souvenirs.—The Albany Sub-Branch advised the Secretary that prior to the anticipated exhibition of War Souvenirs, in order to raise funds, and requested the assistance of the Executive. It was agreed to assist and forward any suitable material on hand.

Notice of Motion.—Mr. Parker submitted notice of motion as follows:—That the Delegates from this Branch to the Federal Executive be selected at least two months prior to the anticipated date of the next quarterly sitting of the Federal Executive, in anticipation that delegates will be sent to such sitting.

Constitution.—It was agreed that the matter reprinted the Constitution, Rules and Standing Orders of the W.A. Branch be referred to the Management Committee for consideration and action.

Finance Committee.—Mr. Parker read the report of the operations of the office for the preceding fortnight, which was received and adopted.

Land Committee.—The report of the Land Committee meeting, held on the 10th June, was received and adopted.

Art Union Committee.—A progress report from the Art Union Committee was received.

Mr. Tyler and Mr. Badger were appointed as extra members of the Art Union Committee.

Employme Port.—The report of the Employment Bureau for the month of May was received.

New Settlers' League.—The Secretary, as Delegate to the New Settlers' League, reported on their recent activities.

Empire Shopping Council.—Mr. Watt also reported in connection with this Council.

Thoughts and Actions.—Mr. Watt gave notice of his intention to move, at the next meeting, as follows:—That this Executive discuss the advisability of organising a concert party from returned soldier artists in the metropolitan area.

Nedlands Sub-Branch.—It was reported that the recent Membership Drive by the Nedlands Sub-Branch had resulted in 251 members being enrolled.

R.S.L. Art Union
TICKETS SELLING WELL

The competition for the prize of £10 awarded to the sub-branch selling the most R.S.L. art union tickets is being keenly competed for by such well-known officials as Bob Cooke, Maylands; Bill Lovell, Railway Workshops; Percy Gilman, Mt. Barker; and E. C. Francis, Collie.

At present the Railway Workshops secretary is leading, but rumours are rife that Percy has been acting like some of the agents of Tatts, writing his clients' names on the agent's forms for a death-knock demand. Apart from the prize to the sub-branch, there is also £25 to be won by the agent selling the winning ticket. Although the city streets have been cut out, good progress has been maintained, and special approval has been given by the Government to permit the Art Union to cut out early, on the drawing date.

The Art Union Committee has guaranteed to pay the first prize, £1,000, in full, and a very fine British Hillman car now awaits its owner at the All British Car Garage at East Perth. Every digit in holding books of tickets for sale is urged to get his returns into the office on Friday, June 28th, and thus relieve the Committee in the late hour rushes.

Ex-Naval Men's Association

At the last meeting of the ex-Naval Men's Association the following officers were elected:—President, Mr. Arthur Bates; vice-president, Mr. L. Kaye-Perrin; assistant presidents, Messrs. Bradfield Meldrum and Callaghan; secretary, Mr. Crowther; treasurer, Mr. Fletcher; assistant secretary, Mr. Bailey; committee, Messrs. Howarth, Savage, Dines, Dodd, Skinner, Curtis, Ruther, and Green.

"SWAN" BRAND PURE MALT VINEGAR—Best Obtainable
The Month

The Pacifism of Uncle Shant

Notwithstanding the Shirley Kellogg Peace Pact and the disarmament schemes advocated by our strenuous creditor and very dubious ally, the United States still persists in her big navy scheme. Ten of the fifteen cruisers voted by Congress are to be put into commission this year. Three will be built in the U.S. Navy Yards, while tenders for the other seven are being called for from private shipyards. The Navy Department is reported as saying that the average cost of these vessels will be £3,200,000 apiece. This is exactly £1,000,000 more than the cost of Britain's latest ten-thousand-ton battleship. The Yankee ships will carry nine guns in three turrets instead of eight guns in four turrets, as ours do. Their speed of 32 knots will be equal to that of our own London class cruisers.

In other words, it is an aspiring, yes non-naval people, gain by this expensive hypocrisy. They may obtain a larger complement of man-power than we do, in ships of corresponding size, for the chewing-gum folks believe in plenty of man-power, which intensifies their difficulty in getting it. In other words: "They may build their ships, my boys"—and so on.

More Affability

The action of the British Ambassador to the United States in waiving the question of diplomatic immunity as regards the importation of alcoholic liquors seems at first sight to be a graceful gesture, an honest effort to aid a friendly power to maintain her own laws within her own borders. Closer examination of the matter, however, makes us all the more aware of an unprecedented foolishness which may conceivably lead to serious embarrassments in the future. Were the people of the United States unanimous in that support, a bigger one was expressed by Mr. Hoare. It will be remembered in their obedience to the Volstead Act, no exception could be taken to Sir Esme Howard's decision. That they were not so is indicated not only by the,policies regarding bootlegging and the ease with which drink is obtained by all ranks of society—provided, of course, one has the money—but by the more reliable evidence supplied by the returns of the presidential election. On that occasion, Mr. Al. Smith, an avowedly "wet" candidate, out of a poll of nearly 40,000,000, obtained 18,000,000 votes, as against 22,000,000 for Mr. Hoover. It will be remembered that the repeal of prohibition was a vital feature of the campaign, and the voting lists show that a very strong minority looks upon the innovation with disfavor.

Sir Esme Howard's action seems to us inopportune, and we fail to see what right he has to inaugurate a policy which not only abrogates a fundamental right, but virtually commits his successors to an acceptance of a policy which will be causing a certain amount of embarrassment to his colleagues of the diplomatic corps, especially as it is tantamount to Great Britain taking sides in the domestic squabbles of another country.

It is all very well to assist the United States, but when has the latter ever abrogated a right in our favour? Did she do so in the case of the Stamp Act, an effort on the part of the Mother Country to raise money to pay for a war that had been undertaken solely for the protection of the American colonies? America has never admitted Britain's right to use that most effective weapon of naval warfare, the blockade, nevertheless her own blockade of the Southern Confederacy during the Civil War was the most useless in the history of war. Even chloroform was placed on the contraband list, so that the unfortunate Confederates had to undergo surgical operations without anesthetics. "Ruthlessness" never transcended this.

Already, we are informed, the French wine merchants are protesting against the enormous loss of business that is resulting from Sir Esme Howard's decision, a decision which was arrived at in accordance with the request of a private citizen. There is no limit to Yankee cheek, we admit, but why make France suffer in order to help our extremely late ally across the Atlantic to enforce a law of which millions of her subjects disapprove, and which millions again refuse to obey?

Another Job for the League

As we go to press it has been cabled that a Venezuelan raiding force has landed on the Dutch island of Curacoa, imprisoned the governor and his staff, and then made off with arms and ammunition. The Dutch promptly despatched a gunboat to the scene of the outrage and so far no further news is available. The incident shows the fallacy of depending upon pacts and leagues for the maintenance of peace, and it looks as if the Dutch were relying upon their own efforts rather than waiting for the cumbersome machinery of the League or the doubtful efficacy of the Monroe doctrine to assert themselves.

The Humour of Clowns

Sydney papers report a merry evening held in communist circles. One of the items on what must have been a highly edifying programme was a tableau traversing the King and other members of the Royal Family. While unionists who protested were forcibly ejected, but Maltese, Yugo-Slavs, Russians, negroes, Chinese, and other non-British spectators were hilarious in their appreciation of the effort. Though the whole thing was illegal, no action has been taken by the N.S.W. government. This suggests a potent reason why the Federal Government should tighten up its regulations regarding the admission of "signers" of the more scurrilous type into Australia. Fortunately, the Royal Family are not sensitive, but imagine what would have been the result if foreign-born industrialists presided over Teohitcher or Stalin?

War Pension Appeals

At the Federal Executive meeting held on the 23rd May it was decided that the particular method of presenting soldiers' appeals to the Entitlement and Assessment Tribunals be left to State Branches for action as necessary, and it was strongly recommended that there should be no discrimination in regard to membership, and that the applicants should not be charged for any services rendered by the League.

It must be borne in mind that, though the introduction of the special appeal boards does not alter the system in vogue of the Repatriation Commission, rather it superimposes a further right of appeal against the decision of the Commission.

"SWAN" BRAND TOMATO SAUCE is Delicious
Varia

Albert Jacka, the first V.C. winner of the A.I.F., in addressing the Victorian Institute of Advertising, recently said: "For every four soldiers who returned, three were wounded, and of those three, two were wounded at least twice. More than 22,000 soldiers have died since their return, and this is some indication of the terrible effects. When you see a returned soldier in the courts, or 'down and out' do not judge him too harshly, but remember the terrible experiences through which he passed."

Every section of the Canadian people may be given the privilege of subscribing to a fund for the erection of a memorial to Colonel John McCrae, the Canadian soldier, author of "In Flanders Fields," who gave his life in the war, and who was buried near Boulogne. In a moment of supreme inspiration, and in the midst of wrecked and torn bodies, he gave to Canada and her Allies that stirring challenge in this immortal verse from those who had passed from the battlefields to immortality. "In Flanders Fields" ranks as the outstanding literary contribution of the war; some may say that Colonel McCrae's undying memorial is just the poem itself. To some extent this may be true, but history teaches us that the greatest events become obscured unless recorded by some enduring means. Let brass and stone preserve something of the inspiration which Colonel McCrae and his poem brought to struggling humanity in its hour of Gethsemane.

They were swapping lies about their war experiences, when the Pommy weighed in with this one. "You fellows don't know what hardship means. My toughest job was just after the Battle of the Somme. Our regiment was on the extreme left of the allied line, and I was left-hand man of the regiment. Jerry tried to outflank us and the whole allied line had to do a sort of left-hand movement on the extreme left. I had to mark time for three weeks."

This is a copy of the letter sent to the late General Glasby by a Greek interpreter when the 12th Brigade was forming in Egypt: "Expensive Brigadier. My absence yesterday was impossible. Some cow has stolen my wife. By. Let I am annoyed. Yours truly, Demetri Keresenas."

"Connoisseur" writes:--"This seems to be the period of silly season discussions about the twelve best roses, interstate football teams and the position of the Peter Pan statue. To make the "Listening Post" more up-to-date, I suggest that your readers consider the Twelve Best Beers competition. I am too poor to donate a trophy, but will be only too pleased to do the judging for free of cost.

[We think this a noble suggestion, and the contest is hereby declared open. However, after the unfortunate experience of one of our contemporaries, we are compelled to bar French names.--Ed. L.P.]

Maurice Dekobra, the author of the Madonna Series, has some trenchant things to say regarding the condition of post-war Europe. He makes one of his characters describe the League of Nations as "that toy invented by a history professor in his second childhood."

Hum: What do you call it when a gang of you fellows get together and belt blazes out of some bloke going home from work?

Scum: Oh, that's peaceful persuasion. You see, we generally leave him in pieces, if there's enough of us.

Hum: But what do you call it if some of the other crowd got together and did the same to you?

Scum: Oh, that would be ruthless capitalistic tyranny, and we'd duly appoint ourselves martyrs.

Armistice Medals

To mark the 10th Anniversary of the Armistice, the Royal Mint, London, struck a special medal. The designs are in bronze and silver and can be obtained by the public through the Royal Mint, Perth. There are no local stocks, but supplies will be obtained to meet orders. The medal consists of two parts, each held together by a string. The charge will be 3s. each.

These medals represent the very highest degree of artistic taste, skill and design, and the technique of reproduction has been most fortunate. Exemplars in bronze may be seen at the Royal Mint, Perth. The obverse of the medal typifies "De liberation," and shows the figure of Great Britain supporting a young warrior with sheathed sword and the broken shackles of war, offering a wreath of laurels to the memory of the fallen. On the reverse the Whitehall Cenotaph is depicted, with the inscription, "Their name liveth for evermore," and the date, November 11th, MCMVIII.

The State Executive has ordered two large bronze medals, which will be framed and hung at the Soldiers' Institute.

Real Thrift.

An old Irishman sent a parcel to his son, in which she enclosed the following note:

"Pat, I am sending your waistcoat; to save weight I have cut off all the buttons. Your loving mother.

"P.S. You will find them in the top pocket."

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28th Battalion Association

Not a vacant seat as the old boys settled down to enjoy the good fare provided at the Anniversary Reunion on June 7, and the fare provided was good. Representation from kindred associations was also good, the 28th Light Horse, the 1st, 2nd, 12th, 32nd, and 44th Battalions, the R.S.L., the S.A. Veterans, and the British United Services all being represented. Speeches by the visitors, Colonel Roberts, Major Parker, Major Brisbane, and Mr. Bullock were followed by emotional addresses but bubbled with fun and happy anecdotes. “Fallen Commandes” as proposed by Mr. Norman Graham gave an atmosphere of reverent remembrance to that observance. Mr. Armstrong’s remarks in proposing the health of the young 28th were informative to a degree, and made many an old 28th realise that he might more worthily give his support to the young Citizen Force battalion, on whose behalf the 28th A.I.F. Colonel Davies expressed our loyalty to the R.S.L., a loyalty which finds practical expression in that less than four ex-28ths are pulling their full measures of duty for the British Crown. The Royal Hotel let the visitors know what we thought of them in a happy and hospitable fashion. The musical and entertainment items rendered by the Beltrose Bros., Mr. H. B. Garden, and Mr. Allen (of the young 28th) deserved a good hearing, and got it. Rarely, one hazards, has an audience accorded an artist more rapt attention than was accorded Mr. Grieve when rendering King’s “East is East and West is West.” Captain Tozer acknowledged our debt to the artists in sincere digger style.

The whole evening was most enjoyable and none the less so because the hilarity never broke the bounds of orderliness or good taste. Indeed, once did the crowd become noisy, and that was when the “Old Man” arrived, and who can wonder that every individual present tried to be first and most vociferous in giving a rousing welcome to H. B. C. Colonel and “Cobber,” who first led them into action and has been leading them ever since.

Gone over to the majority, George (“Tich”) Page, a signalman who embarked with the 11/28th and was evacuated soon after Piaziers. Tich was a keen sportsman and took a prominent part in local cricket, football and tennis. An active member of the 28th Association, his face will be missed wherever 28ths foregather. The deceased leaves a widow and two children, to whom the 28th Association extends its deepest sympathy.

Remembrance luncheon will be held at the Forrest Tea Rooms, Forrest Place, at 1 p.m. on Friday, the 28th inst.

32nd Battalion Association

The annual hop-over on the 20th July is going to be a real Centenary event. A special committee is arranging the musical programme and is reported to be in communication with New York, London, and Paris. Bob Alexander sent a wireless to Sir Harry Lauder, but Sir Harry had just taken an engagement the previous day. The committee hope that country members will make a special effort to be present, as it is expected to have several members of the Adelaide Association on this year. It is requested that members purchase their tickets “at the foot” to enable all arrangements to be finalised early. Government House will always find the secretary, who is prepared to supply any number of tickets not exceeding 50 to any one member. Note the address this year: The R.S.L. Institute, at 7.30 p.m. on the 20th July. All ex-members of the 8th Brigade are cordially invited to come along.

44th Battalion Association

The “44th,” as in past years, held their usual successful function, organised to mark the occasion of the embarkation of the Battalion overseas, on June 6th. Many new faces were in evidence, and the Association gradually grows in popularity, which is the best reward for the efforts of the Committee to keep the spirit of the old Battalion alive. This Association is fortunate in having such an excellent Ladies’ Auxiliary, willing to assist at functions of this nature, which goes a long way to make such evenings so successful.

Colonel Lamb, in a short speech, welcomed the members present and their friends, and thanked Mrs. Thrum and the Committee for the interest and assistance they had given. He presented Mrs. Thrum with a silk scarf, as a mark of appreciation, from himself and members of the Committee to her and the Ladies’ Auxiliary, to which Mrs. Thrum suitably responded.

A welcome home and congratulation were expressed by the President to Dr. H. L. Fowler. Items were rendered by Miss McNeese, and a flute solo by Mr. F. R. Hatton.

The usual Annual “Smoker” of this Association will be held during Show Week, at a time and place of which notification will be given later.

Due to the various successful and pleasant hours spent at the last meeting of the Association, it is proposed to hold these functions quarterly in the Institute. The next one will be held during August, at which it is hoped a greater number will attend than on the last occasion. Refreshments are provided at the close of the business, and reminiscences are then indulged in for the remainder of the evening.

British United Services Association

The B.U.S.A. on Monday the 10th, held their first Annual General Meeting. The Presidential Report was full of good things. Faith had been kept by the Executive and the Constitution adhered to throughout the year. The happy relationship between kindred associations and the R.S.L. was acclaimed and Col. Colet’s letter of goodwill.

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Jas. K. Lyall, Inspector of Farming and Pastoral Properties.

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LOUIS E. HORNE, F.A.I.S., Secretary.

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Support Western Australian Products

Veteran's Re-Union

At the usual monthly meeting of the South African and Imperial Veterans' Association, held recently, it was decided to hold a Centenary Re-union in the R.S.L. Rooms on Friday, 12th July. His Excellency the Governor has signified his intention of being present. Mr. W. F. E. Buchan, of the City Council Office, is the Secretary.

Medical Benefits, War Orphans

The Minister in Charge of Repatriation recently sent the following letter to the General Secretary of the League:

"With reference to your resolution, which reads: 'That medical benefits be granted to war orphans whose mothers have remarried,' I have to inform you that provision already exists under the Australian Soldiers' Repatriation Act for the granting, under certain circumstances, of the benefits mentioned. If any Branch of your League has cases in mind, it should refer them to the Deputy Commissioner, in the State of residence of the child, for consideration."

Children of Blinded Soldiers

The following is a copy of a letter received from the Minister in Charge of Repatriation:

"With reference to your resolution, which reads: 'That this Congress again urge the Commonwealth Government to make available to the children of blinded soldiers, the same educational facilities as are provided children in the case of deceased and totally and permanently incapacitated men. You are reminded that this question has been considered on several occasions. In a letter, dated 4/10/1927: 'As a blinded soldier cannot necessarily be considered to be totally and permanently incapacitated, the Government does not consider that his children should be eligible to benefit under the Soldiers' Children Educational Scheme. With blinded soldiers who have other war service disabilities which, added to the blindness, allow them to be declared totally and permanently incapacitated, their children do come under the scheme.' On looking into this again, I do not see any reason to vary the reply."

Dental Treatment

The following is a copy of a letter received from the Minister in Charge of Repatriation:

"With reference to your resolution, which reads: 'That country war pensioners who are eligible for dental treatment, such as jaw cases, T.B., etc., be allowed to obtain the same in the country as subject to the recommendation of the State Repatriation Doctor."

"The Dental Treatment at the Repatriation Commissioners' Hospital are now being administered by specialists in each State. The Department is considering the advisability of granting a dental allowance to war pensioners who are not eligible for dental treatment at a country centre, but who are in need of dental treatment at a city centre."

Living Allowance, War Widows

The following advice has been received from the Minister in Charge of Repatriation:

"There was no doubt that the work to be carried out at the soldier's home town, if practicable, or the nearest centre. If you have any cases in mind where an eligible soldier desires to receive dental treatment at a country centre, they should be advised to communicate with the Deputy Commissioner of Repatriation."

Unemployed Ex-Service Men

There were registered for employment at the League: Employment Office throughout the Commonwealth on 30th April, 2,103 men—622 in Queensland, 573 New South Wales, 241 Victoria, 491 South Australia, 120 Western Australia, and 56 Tasmania. Employers are urged to send to the League when requiring labour.

J. H. LUNNON

P.S.M., F.I.O.O., D.B.O.A.

LONDON

(Late 28th Battalion, A.I.F.)

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Bookshelves and Shows

In this department it is proposed to publish references to those works, recently published or otherwise, which refer to the war, international relations, and other matters which are of interest to the returned man and his relatives.

The Business Side of War.

In his "Spanish Farm Trilogy," and his recently published series of sketches, "Ten Years After," Mr. R. H. Mottram eschews the merely romantic for the elaborately prosaic. He makes no attempt to dissect the mind of the soldier in battle with the idea of sounding a cult of cowardice, neither does he pile horror upon horror, to provide arguments for anti-war propagandists. He writes from the point of view of the average young officer of the new armies, those rather unimaginative young officers and professionals who did not get into the war merely from a sense of duty, bringing with them a peace-time training in office routine and business methods which rendered them invaluable to the organisation of them in minor administrative appointments. Their reactions towards the new conditions are admirably dealt with, and Mottram has many a sly dig at the old-time regulars, who, apart from his technical efficiency, was just as raw on the administrative side as the men of the new armies. He, too, was faced with unprecedented conditions, and had to re-learn his job under fire. Mottram brings out in high relief the cooperation, the team work, the every-man-to-his-trade aspect that had to be brought into play before the war could be won. The men of the new armies subordinated themselves to the war machine with commendable stoicism. It was a job, a dashed unpleasant one, which had to be done. The sooner it was done the better, and they went about it in the same spirit that honesty, efficiency and energy they had employed in their pre-war avocations.

"Spanish Farm," which gives its name to the Trilogy, deals with the experiences of a Flemish farming family. Madeleine, the heroine, is efficient, thrifty, looking upon the war as an unpleasant interruption of her household duties. Billeting is a nuisance, but Flammande as she is, she soon realises that profits are to be made. In fact, she is shrewd enough to derive financial gain from her love affairs without forfeiting her amateur status.

"Sixty-Four Ninety-Four" deals with one of Madeleine's love episodes, from the view point of a transport driver. In the Crime at Vanderlynden's "opens rather hilariously. A transport driver has, to use the phrase appearing in the reclamation, "esquinte une Vierge." The staff officer dealing with it translates the phrase literally. His imagination is in excess of his knowledge of French, and he has visions of a miniature sack of Louvain being reconstructed in a Flemish meadow. However, in the good old army way he passes the correspondence along to a subordinate, a conscientious young new army officer, who elicits the information that the virgin in question is not a flesh and blood one, but one of those wayside shames so frequently met with in France. The transport man bursts it open to obtain shelter for his mules. The subsequent adventures of this officer in trying to finalise the claim make delightful reading.

We can recommend the Trilogy as the best war yarn we have read since "Peter Jackson, Cigar Merchant."

The Battle of the Somme.

The official British war film of the Somme campaign deals with that ghastly business from the opening up on the 1st July, 1916, to the taking of Bapaume in 1917. It should be of peculiar interest to Australians, for, while most of us were not on Gallipoli, four of the five divisions took part in the Somme fighting. As usual with the official films, the photography is excellent and the stirring scenes are reproduced realistically, yet without blataney or vainglory. The honours are evenly divided, all the formations participating receiving their due need of publicity. Our own show at Pozieres receives more than a passing mention.

However, as the film is a British official one, and not an idiotic Yankee burlesque on modern war, our patriotic showąmen did not design to advertise it, and its screening took place for three days only in the smallest picture theatre of the city.

The Foreign Legion.

While "The Battle of the Somme" was relegated to a minor theatre, the excessively advertised "Foreign Legion" according to the gospel of Hollywood, was being shown at Hoyts. Nothing can be said against the technical side of the production, and Lewis Stone's acting was good, as usual. The plot is based on a motif worn threadbare by Ouida and a host of others, and the Yank idea of life in the Legion is as embryonic as his knowledge of the fighting in France.

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Vale Archbishop Riley

The passing of Archbishop Riley has left a void in the ranks of the Returned Soldiers' League and in the hearts of its members which it will be impossible to fill. He was a friend and true comrade to all who served the Empire on active service, irrespective of rank or social standing—from the best of us to the worst of us—and it is hard to believe the world will no more see his striking figure and hear his ringing voice championing our cause. He was one of the world's truly great men. Rich in learning and wisdom he never lost the common touch, with its love of simplicity. His personality struck a chord in our hearts which was deeper than respect or admiration. He had learned to love the Grand Old Man. He has passed away in the fullness of time, after a lifetime of endurance and achievement, and the world is the richer for his life. To his widow and children, including our senior vice-president, Padre C. L. Riley, we proffer our sympathy in their great loss, but they sorrow not alone, for the whole State mourns with them.

---

G. D. SHAW

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Eggs 7/-6 Setting of 15. Cash with order 2/- 5/- per hundred, 10/- per cent deposit.

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The Truth about the War

[Continued]

Time You Knew the Truth.

In February of this year, as mentioned at the beginning of this article, the Cosmopolitan commenced a series of articles under the heading: "It's Time You Knew the Truth," by Brigadier-General Henry J. Reilly. The following editorial comment appears above the first article: "For ten years America has been waiting for someone to tell the Truth of our part in the World War. A year ago Cosmopolitan selected Brigadier-General Henry J. Reilly as the man best fitted to do this. He was sent abroad to go to original sources to sit out the facts from the mass of propaganda, exaggeration and half-truths.

Now, that is a fair method of approaching the question, and naturally anyone feels that facts presented in this impartial manner should be given due consideration. It is precisely this seemingly ingenious method of approach which misleads, or is inclined to mislead, the majority of readers of such articles, who have neither the time nor the facilities to test the truth of the statements they contain.

The first of General Reilly's articles, written after he had sifted out the facts from the mass of propaganda, exaggeration and half-truths, contains the following information: "When General Pershing landed in Europe the British had not yet adopted and enforced a real draft law to the army. Yet they had men to spare for expeditions to Greece and for a campaign in Turkey, neither of which could possibly win the war. The British thought only of protecting the French ports along the British Channel, these being on the shortest route to London from Germany. Their strategy consisted only in defending the ground they had or trying to get more ground in front of these ports. They had no idea of leaving this vicinity, no matter what arguments were advanced to prove the German Army. The Italians were only interested in their own narrow front along the mountains from Lake Garda to the Gulf of Venice. The French stretched like an overdrawn rubber band between the Italians anchored on the right and the British anchored on the left. With a much smaller proportion of soldiers, and guns per mile of front than the British and Italians, they had to do the best they could to keep the Germans from taking advantage of the Allied lack of unity of effort and leadership.

And then Pershing came.

Perhaps you will say, "Well, surely, everyone knows this is not true." Are you so sure that even the majority of those who read the Cosmopolitan really know whether it is true or not? In the second article of the series, in March, General Reilly gives some of the fruits of his crusade for Truth by quoting an anonymous member of the German General Staff, chiefly in order to show what a very poor effort the British really made:

As fiction it is interesting. A sample will do. "Britain had always kept at home, and in 1910 and 1917 was still keeping a considerable force at home." But General Reilly does quote his mysterious German officer in at least one statement with which we can agree: "What does it all show above everything else? Something very simple; a prize-fight, a war is won only by fighting.

Having read these illustrations of what General Reilly has sorted out from the confused masses of propaganda and half-truths that have so far clouded the truth concerning the American part in the war, it is of interest perhaps to know what decided Cosmopolitan to choose General Reilly as the apostle of Truth. The editor says that it was just a year ago that Cosmopolitan selected Brigadier-General Henry J. Reilly as the man best fitted to tell the Truth after all this waiting. It is significant that it was just over a year ago that we first heard of General Reilly as a military critic who would write an article already mentioned entitled "Who Won the War," to Liberty, another United States periodical.

It is well worth while to recall some of the statements he made, not only that we may fully appreciate General Reilly, but in order that we may understand the qualifications which so strongly recommended him to Cosmopolitan. A few quotations will be sufficient:

"The more the records of America and Britain with respect to the Great War are examined and compared, the more evident it is that the British have no just grounds for criticizing us. Both nations have signalized their failure to profit by the lessons of their past military history. It is either to make a criticism of the other as a result of the last war, we are the ones entitled to do it."

"In August, 1915, one year after its declaration of war, Britain had 790,000 troops in France, just about twice as many as we had one year after our declaration of war. However, one year and three months after her declaration she had but 950,000 as against 1,200,000 American troops there the same length of time after we had declared war. One year and five months after the respective declarations of war, the comparison is even more in our favour, Britain having 650,000 troops in France, as against our 1,750,000. A year and a half after the respective declarations, Britain had 1,860,000 troops in France, as against our 2,060,000.

"The day of the Armistice, she had 1,860,000 in France, as against our 2,060,000. The French, the greater part of whom had risen to 1,450,000, at the time of the Armistice it was more than 1,300,000.

"There is no better proof of how the people of a nation really believe in that nation than the readiness and spirit which they display in furnishing men for war. The quick action of our Congress and the slow action of the British Parliament reflected the comparative willingness of the mass of the American and British people to fight for their country."

Read that statement again and grasp what it means, and then remember that it was read by hundreds of thousands of Canadians, many of whom were young children when the war ended.
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Broadcasting Misinformation

General Reilly says: "If either is to make a criticism of the other, we are the ones entitled to do it." An examination of his article reveals that their primary purpose is to compare British and American effort. Garrett Garrett tells us that at the time of Armistice the Americans had more men at the Front against Germany than any other nation, excepting only France. The statement appeared in the Saturday Evening Post, which has a circulation of 3,000,000. General Reilly said precisely the same thing. Let us examine the facts. The contribution of each nation is no mystery; it is a matter of cold, dispassionate record. The figures were fixed for all time at the end of the war. Neither ten years after nor one hundred years after can they be changed by any amount of research or subtlety of argument.

Let us deal first with the last statement, repeated so often by different writers to millions of Americans and hundreds of thousands of Canadians, that the Americans had more men facing the enemy than the British at the date of the Armistice.

The United States did not have more men "on the front against Germany" than Britain, and no one knows that better, than any American officer who was in France. At the time of the Armistice the United States had 1,980,000 on their front strength in France and the British had 1,718,000, but the United States did not have 1,950,000 on the front against Germany at that time. At the outset, the policy adopted by the American command was to send troops as quickly as possible to France to complete their training there, and less than 1,000,000 Americans were ready to go into action at the time of the Armistice. The British troops who were in the same state of training as more than half of the Americans who were in France, were sent into battle. But four outstanding principles were perfectly sound. As the men reached the point when they were ready to go into action, the British were sent to France from the combatant units as quickly as the Americans could continue to send their training areas. It was the logical arrangement. If the number of effective in the 'war zone' is to be considered.

From then until the first of August, there were a number of local attacks under which the Germans retreated to the lines occupied when the Allies commenced their great drive on August 3d. There was no more question of a German victory. They had exhausted their reserves, and any possibility of a further attack on the scale necessary for success had disappeared with them.

(Late Sub-Branch Notes)

LEEDERVILLE

It is some time since word of the activities of this Branch has been sent in, but in future this will be remedied. Our "drive" for new members is progressing favourably (sounds like a doctor's opinion), and we have added very considerably to our number. A big factor in this district is the large number of members belonging to community sub-branches. We should be glad to welcome them as Associate Members, but the main thing is, of course, that they belong to our League.

Anzac Day Service here was again its most impressive one. The attendance seems to grow larger each year, and the feeling that is held, not to glorify the living, but to perpetuate the sacrifice of our comrades who have passed over, is growing stronger also.

QAR Secretary, Chris, Beechey, is as indefatigable as ever in helping the digger or Tommy down on his luck. Now he finds time from his other numerous activities is a source of wonder to everyone. Padre Muriel has recently been welcomed back to the diocese, and Dr. Maitland Gibb, late of Pinjarra Branch.
Our outlook for the future is bright, if new members become imbued with the enthusiasm of the old stalwarts, who have stuck to the Branch from its inception.

MIDLAND JUNCTION
At the last meeting of the Sub-Branch, it was decided to hold the Annual Smoke Social at an early date, to be decided upon. It is hoped to get a number of visitors from other sub-branches, and for the benefit of those who do not possess a motor car, bike, pram or scooter, it is notified that the drunks' train leaves Midland at 11.35 p.m., arriving in Perth at 12.7 a.m. The Midland boys are very hospitable, and an enjoyable time is assured.

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All Beer Direct from the Wood
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Carnamah War Memorial
Carnamah was a very thinly-populated and little-known place when war was declared in 1914, but it sent 24 men to the war, seven of whom made the supreme sacrifice. Last Anzac Day a granite memorial to these heroes was unveiled by the Hon. J. M. Drew, M.L.C., who was assisted at the service by the local clergy, Mr. Cliff; Sadler, V.C., and Major G. K. Ryder, the president of the Carnamah sub-branch. The memorial cost over £200, the amount being obtained by public subscription. It stands in the open space in front of the station, where suitable surroundings will shortly be created, and is so placed that no person entering Carnamah via the main road can fail to see it. It was the work of the R.S. Monumental Co. of Karrakatta. It bears the following inscription:

Their name liveth for evermore.
Erected by public subscription."

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Men's Fancy PULL-OVERS, in pure wool, latest designs. 22/6.

Boys' Pure Wool PULL-OVERS, in good patterns, in fawns, blue, brown and grey; 20in. From 5/6.

Boys' Tweed HATS, large range to select from. From 2/11.

Men's Heavy Weight All Wool Knitted SOX, in grey. 2/6.

Men's Fancy SOX, a large range to select from, in all wool, wool and cotton, and art. silk. 2/6.

Men's Black Rubber OVERCOATS, full belt, raglan sleeves. 21/-

Men's Fawn or Navy Gabardine OVERCOATS, full belt, raglan sleeves. 42/6.

Men's Tasmanian Bluey OVERCOATS, in dark grey tweed, very heavy weight and waterproof. 52/6.

Men's Black Rubber Reversible OVERCOATS, full belt, raglan sleeves, two coats in one. 32/6.

Men's Black Rubber Motor Cycle SUITS, full belt, double-breasted coats. 57/6.

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Fulcreem Company's Lemon Squash Cordial
JUST Add WATER

Casualties in the Australian Engineers, 1914-1918
Compiled by Col. H. B. Collett, C.M.G., D.S.O., V.D.

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An Enterprise Worth Encouraging

The wine-growers of this State, experiencing great difficulty in finding markets for their product, decided to open a co-operative wine salon at the new markets in Wellington Street. Recognising that the R.S.L. had endeavoured to assist them on all possible occasions, the Wine Growers' Association requested the League to supply them with a manager for their salon, and "Jimmy" James, well known in Fremantle and South Perth, was wisely chosen, and it is hoped that diggers who like a little wine in their triff occasion will call on Jimmy, and thus help him to make a success of the business and incidentally assist many diggers who are battling hard in the Swan Valley to find markets for their grapes.

Battalion Decorations

THE 16th BATTALION RECORD
All Australian units made history in Gallipoli, France, and Palestine, and perhaps no particular set of fighting individuals were more valorous than another. The method of granting special decorations to soldiers is perhaps the only means possible, but it is very haphazard. Fully 95 per cent. of the awards granted were well won, but many others, V.C.'s and other lesser decorations, earned, which, for many and various reasons, were not heard of by the correct authorities.

The 16th Battalion are very proud of their war record, and challenge any other unit to beat it. Here it is: V.C. 3 (McCarty, Axford, and O'Meara); C.M.G. 1: C.B. 2; D.S.O. 11; M.C. 25: M.C. with bars: M.C. with 2 bars: D.C.M. 29: D.C.M. with bars: 1: M.M. 155: M.M. with bar: 13: M.S.M. 5; Foreign 7: Mention in despatches, 44. Total 304. 68 officers were promoted from the ranks. The casualties were 3,379, including 1,129 deaths.

Non-Combatants and League Membership

Y.S.Y. writes—Excuse my pushing into the argument again without apparent cause. Regarding civilians with fighting forces, a recent Bulletin (5/6)20 part dealing with the award of the V.C. in conclusion says: "In 1858 the award of the Cross was extended to civilians who distinguished themselves whilst serving with an army in the field." So these very people, about whom we have been arguing, were eligible for the highest decoration in the power of the King to bestow. Yet, in their own country, they are ineligible for the least honour—hats the hands of the R.S.L.—the simple right of membership. In imagination one could sketch out a Gilbertian situation, where Mr. Y. M. Comforts, V.C., correspondent of the "Listening Post," is being hautishly shown from the door of a meeting by Mr. Short Arm, who holds the record for minimum service overseas, having landed first from the transport which left Australia the day before the Armistice and was recalled by wireless the day after.

Free Hospitalisation

Below is a copy of a letter received from the Minister, in Charge of Repatriation:

"With reference to the above resolution, which reads; 'That the Minister for Repatriation be urged to provide free hospitalisation for ex-service men, as in force in the United States of America,' I desire to inform you that full enquiries are being made as to what free medical treatment for non-war disabilities is being provided in the United States of America and other countries. When full particulars are obtained, all aspects of the matter will be considered, and I will subsequently advise you of the decision reached."
Personalities

Major D. C. MacMillan, late 11th Hus- sars, is a Cambridge graduate who has de- cided that Australia is a good place to pick for a permanent residence. “Mack” held a double blue at Cambridge—one for rugger, one for general athletics. At present he is writing articles on sheep-breeding, orga- nizing for the S.P.C.A., and coaching young ruggers in the way they should scrum.

In town for a few days, on business, is H. D. Russell, Captain A.I.F., who soldiered with the 11th Battalion and afterwards went to the 3rd Divisional Engineers. He has old associations with the West and has now returned after twelve years’ absence. His present job is the building of the Palace Theatre, in Northam.

Arthur Bates, re-elected president of the ex-Naval Men’s Association, did his early naval training as an engineer officer. In the early days of the war he was in sub- marines, but later on during the “doughy” he deserted the bottom of the sea for the blue of the sky, and went flying. While in Perth he has been selling cars for Denny Brothers, but has just left that firm to engage in civil aviation. He can tell a good yarn, sing a good song, and is a great monologue artist, and consequently is a great acquisition to any returned men’s social gathering.

The vacancy of Federal Secretary of the League caused by the resignation of Mr. Bibelen, who was appointed to the Pensions Assessment Tribunal, has been filled by the appointment of Mr. John Webster, secretary Launceston sub-branch. Mr. Webster served with the 12th Battalion, and lost his right arm at the war. There were 68 applicants.

W. J. Hunt recently submitted his resigna- tion from the State Executive, much to the regret of his co-delegates, with whom he is held in high esteem. The difficulty is that Bill’s business activities are extending, taking him away from the metropolitan area for long periods. Carl Bader fills the vacancy.

Padre “Tom” Riley is convalescing at one of our North-West ports, after his recent serious bout of rheumatic fever. He expects to be away about six weeks, when we trust that he will return in the good health that such a good fellow deserves.

At time of writing, Ross Keesing is motoring back to Port Hedland with his wife and family, after spending three months holidaying in Perth and the South- West, including the wonderful reunion week at Bunbury. Ross served with the 51st Batt., and is President of the Port Hed- land Sub-Branch.

Con condolences to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. (“Bill”) Lovell on the passing away of Mrs. Lovell’s mother.

Recent callers at Empire House, London (the Headquarters of the B.E.S.L.) included Arthur Wilson, M.L.A., of Collie, and Schoolmaster Tom Sten, of Beverley.

The State President and Secretary

VISIT GERALDTON AND NORTHWEST.

A FEW PROBLEMS AND SOME INTERESTING PEOPLE

In addition to discussing R.S.L. affairs with prominent officials of the Geraldton Sub-Branch, the State President, Colonel Collett, and the State Secretary, with two delegates from the local sub-branch, met the Memorial Institute Committee, of which the Hon. Geo. Kempton, M.L.C., is chairman. It appears that this Committee, consisting of eight soldiers and eight civili- ans, was constituted soon after the war for the purpose of providing an institute for sailors and soldiers who saw service in the Great War, and as a permanent memorial by the people of Geraldton for services rendered. The committee did excellent work in finding sources to acquire the present solidly built Soldiers’ Insti- tute, situated in the main street, and in a position adjacent to the new harbour extension. It also for some time ran Soldiers’ Pictures, and the actual staffing was done by committee men. The pictures were disposed of last year and the pro- ceeds of the sale, together with the Institute building temporarily handed over to the Mayor and Councillors, pending a satisfactory arrangement being made be- tween the Municipal Council and the Sub- Branch as to the future control of the building. As an outcome of the discussion recently held, the Memorial Committee agreed to place the accumulated as- sets in the hands of a trust, to consist of five members, two to be nominated from the ratepayers, and two from the R.S.L., with the Mayor as chairman. Subse- quently, the Committee of the Geraldton Sub-Branch endorsed this recommendation. The Institute building is very ur- gent in need of repairs and renovations, and the matter of ownership now having been definitely adjusted, any structural alter-ations and repairs should be immediately put in hand.

Geraldton diggers acted wisely in selecting as their president Mr. Arthur Green, whose knowledge of soldiers’ affairs has been considerable. Mr. Green has used the capabilities of his district, having twice developed a farm from virgin land to an excellent saleable proposition. At present he is running a business at the northern port.
The Northampton diggers turned out on Sunday, 15th June, to welcome Colonel Collett and the State Secretary. Seated amongst the diggers at a complimentary dinner were A.I.F. Sisters Connor and Greig, now doing duty at the local hospital. Soon after the dinner a meeting was held in the church hall and after extending a welcome to the visitors, Mr. A. Barlow (president) announced that a general meeting would be held and officers elected for the year. He considered that both he and Mr. Glance, the late secretary, should be given a spell and new officers elected. The election resulted in Mr. W. Owen becoming president, whilst Mr. A. L. Wheeler, current treasurer of the Geraldton branch, was elected as secretary. Mr. Owen is a member of the famous 10th Light Horse, later transferred to the Flying Corps, in which he saw considerable service in France. Complimentary references were made by the State Secretary and other Northampton diggers to the splendid work performed by Albert Glance, who for years has carried on and been regarded always as a splendid landmark at this northern centre. The financial position of the Sub-Branch was eloquent testimony of the care and economy bestowed by the ex-secretary who handed over nearly £100 to the new officials. It appears that Mr. Glance has used his own money for stamps and stationery, never raising a debit for these necessaries.

Prominent at the Northampton Sub-Branch meeting was Mr. Jim Watt, original member of the Mt. Lawley Sub-Branch and now carrying on a profitable business of Ayers Rock, at the local bank, agreed to act as secretary. Mr. Owen is a member of the famous 10th Light Horse, later transferred to the Flying Corps, in which he saw considerable service in France. Complimentary references were made by the State Secretary and other Northampton diggers to the splendid work performed by Albert Glance, who for years has carried on and been regarded always as a splendid landmark at this northern centre. The financial position of the Sub-Branch was eloquent testimony of the care and economy bestowed by the ex-secretary who handed over nearly £100 to the new officials. It appears that Mr. Glance has used his own money for stamps and stationery, never raising a debit for these necessaries.

Mr. Lionel Chapman, auditor of the Geraldton R.S.L., and manufacturer of a refreshment used by diggers on the water waggon, building up a lot of nerves in days of old soldierly days in Geraldton, when drinks were 3d, and when the Company C.O. would generously buy up for the whole parade after a long march. Mr. Chapman more than once recalled these events at a representative dinner in Geraldton and the State at past historic events. In the old days the custom prevailed in Geraldton of the troops taking off their red coats and returning for a convivial hour to some of the local refreshment houses, a practice which led to an order by the local C.O. that he would come any man he saw in Geraldton with breeches on.

A Thought for the Month

(By “Benjamin Buttonstick”)

If you had run away from all the fighting, And sneered at crippled soldiers in the street, Indulged in realms of pacific skiting, To camouflage a pair of frozen feet; Were you the cheapest in the “thrum” grade, But had the manners of a swaggering Hun. A mob of frowzy knives would call you "Comrade," You'd be a dinkum Scummunist, my son.

RETURNED SOLDIERS' MONUMENTAL WORKS

Only Address:
KARRAKATTA (near Station)

Write or Ring FA832 and we will post Catalogue
We call by appointment.

Gaynor's
His Majesty's Hotel
Hay Street, Perth

Splendid Residential Hotel
COUNTRY VISITORS SPECIALLY CATERED FOR

Terms Moderate. Phone B1232

ABRUPT YOUNG CUSTOMER: "Two coffee cakes."
LADY BEHIND COUNTER (anxious to improve boy’s manners): "Well, what comes after coffee cake?"
CUSTOMER: "Indigestion!"

Imperial Printing Co. Ltd.
Perth's Particular Printers Returned Soldiers

The Hotel Majestic, Applecross
Boating Bathing Fishing Tennis
Afternoon Teas Specially Catered for

The house has been thoroughly renovated and refurbished. The fact that it is personally co-drafted by Tom Stack, of Fremantle, is sufficient guarantee of everything being first-class.

TRY OUR SPECIAL BRANDS OF GREY LABEL & STAND FAST WHISKY
TOM STACK, Licensee and Proprietor
who is also to be found at Terminus Hotel, Fremantle

"SWAN" BRAND SWEET MUSTARD PICKLES are worth having
Venereal Disease, Pension Claims

The following is a copy of a letter received from the Minister in Charge of Repatriation:

"I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of 5th December, appending the following resolution, which was passed at the 13th Annual Congress of your League: 'That representations be made to the Repatriation Commission for more sympathetic enquiry to be made into claims for pensions by returned soldiers who contracted venereal disease on active service and returned after treatment to Units engaged in active warfare.' I am satisfied that the Commission has given, and is giving, sympathetic consideration to these cases. The policy is to admit for pension and treatment those soldiers who had contracted venereal disease either prior to their enlistment or during their war service, where it is considered that shock and strain of war service has materially increased the onset of the sequelae of the disease."

Travelling Facilities for Relatives Visiting Hospital Patients

CONCESSIONS GRANTED

Below is a copy of a letter received from the Minister in Charge of Repatriation:

"With reference to the abovementioned resolution, which reads: 'That the existing arrangements be extended so as to provide payment by the Department of the cost of travelling from and to the home town and the hospital without limit as to distance.' I have to inform you that this matter has received careful consideration. The Repatriation Commission has agreed to meet the cost, up to a maximum amount of £5, of second class fares, for the forward and return journey, where a wife or child, father or mother, or other one person nominated by the patient, is advised by a Deputy Commissioner of the dangerous illness or death of a soldier at a Repatriation Institution, and the relatives desires to visit the Institution.' Where, however, the cost of the second class return fare, within the State concerned, exceeds £5, the Commission will consider, as a special case: any application submitted for payment of fares exceeding £5, and when reaching a decision the regard will be given to the geographical conditions of the State, distance to be travelled, nature of transport conveniences, etc, in other words, each case will be decided on its merits. In addition to the above, a sum not exceeding £2 2s. will be allowed towards the expenses incurred by the relative during the visit."

Stomach Troubles

The following is a copy of a letter received from the Minister in Charge of Repatriation:

"With reference to the abovementioned resolution, which reads: 'That the Minister for Repatriation be requested to institute research into causes of stomach troubles suffered by ex-soldiers, in view of the large number of ex-soldiers becoming subject to such,' I have to inform you that the incidence of disabilities connected with the digestive functions has been considered from time to time by the Repatriation Commission, the Medical Advisory Committee, and the medical staff generally attached to the Commission's staff. It is not regarded that ex-soldiers are becoming more subject to stomach troubles than are other members of the community, and it is possible to establish this relative frequency of these diseases. It is, however, reasonable to say that cases only now being manifested are due to the ordinary causes operating in civilian life, the wartime causes having ceased to originate these conditions when war service ceased, or soon after. It is also sound to say that cases resulting from war causes would become manifest in some degree by signs and symptoms when these causes were most intense in their activity. Therefore, in new claims, the war and post-war history are closely investigated, so that the occurrence of signs and symptoms of ill-health during these periods may be evaluated in their relationship to service. In the case of being going, it does not appear to me to be necessary to conduct a research as suggested in your resolution."

On to the Lingo.

A mountain school teacher corrected a boy who had said, "I ain't gwine that."

"That's no way to talk. Listen: "I am not going there; thou art not going there; we are not going there; you are not going there; they are not going there. Do you get the idea?"

"Yes. Sure. They ain't nobody gwine!"

Suggested Endowment Scheme

WAR SERVICE HOUSES

The following interesting and important communication has been received by the Federal President from the Prime Minister:

"During the course of a deputation from the Queensland Branch of your League which waited upon me on 7th August last, it was suggested that the War Service Houses Act should be amended with the object of instituting an Endowment Scheme. The subject was discussed at the Congress of your League at Sydney in November last, when the following Resolution, No. 68, was adopted: "That Resolution 60, 13th Annual Congress, be re-affirmed: That the War Service Houses Act be amended to provide that where an occupant so desires, he may, by payment of an amount in addition to his ordinary repayments, make provision that, in the event of the death of the occupier, the home will be transferred to the widow or dependants without any further repayments to the War Service Houses Commission."

"At the deputation, it was stated that an endowment scheme is in existence in connection with the Queensland State Housing Scheme, and inquiry discloses that that scheme is based on a loan period of 25 years, the maximum of which is granted in connection with a home constructed for an applicant. The scheme is compulsory, and any scheme of this nature must be compulsory in order to be successful. Each applicant is required to undergo a medical examination, and whilst basic..."
rates have been adopted for first-class lives, the writer is 'fouléd' where the life risk is not regarded as first-class. In effect the scheme is one of life insurance.

"Examining the proposal in connection with the War Service Homes Act it is necessary to think of the measure, thousands of homes have been purchased and the loan periods are fixed in accordance with the estimated life of the house and the view that should the applicant default at any time in the future the outstanding liability is cancellable by sale on the ordinary market. If such a scheme were brought into the War Service Homes Commission premiums would have to be fixed at not less than, say, 10-year periods, having regard also to the fact that some years have passed since the maximum periods were granted.

"Another important point is the question of the life risk of the applicant. Arising out of the war service applicants could not be regarded as 'A' class risks, but would be 'B' or 'C' class. To follow the usual procedure, 'A' class tables would require to be arranged; and these loaded for 'B' and 'C' class risks. If this were done, applicants who had suffered as a result of war service would naturally object to the extra premiums which would be required. The existing opinion is that if such a scheme were introduced it would throw an additional burden on applicants who are now struggling along notwithstanding the low repayments charged by the Commission, and they would find it most difficult, if not impossible, to meet their present obligations, which, apart from repayments instalments, include rates and taxes and maintenance of the home.

"There is nothing to prevent any applicant who so desires from arranging with a life insurance company for an endowment policy. This would be a voluntary act and would be undertaken by those applicants who were favourable to the proposal and who were in a financial position to meet the premiums. Another benefit available is the Sinking Fund provision in the War Service Homes Act, in connection with which any applicant may make additional payments which are credited to a special account and which earn 5 per cent. compound interest. These payments are payable to the equivalent sum automatically extinguish the loan/debt, but they can be used also to meet instalments due by the applicant to the Commission. Another voluntary method would be for applicants who so desire to commence a Savings Bank account, which would earn 4 per cent. interest. The Commission's Sinking Fund proposal, however, would be a better investment, as the rate of interest allowed is 5 per cent.

"Whilst I am in sympathy with the object underlying the proposal submit-
THE IDEAL BEVERAGE
E. B. PALE ALE
ASK FOR GOLD LABEL
BREWED AND BOTTLED BY
THE EMU BREWERY LIMITED
PERTH

previous years, and would be over-subscribed. The payment of the first prize (£1,000) in full was therefore guaranteed, and extra prizes would also be available.

The president reported that, in company with the vice-president, Mr. Davenport, and the social secretary, Mr. de Waal, he had attended the Mount Lawley Sub-Branch on the 4th inst., where they spent an enjoyable evening.

Mr. Wilkinson, a new member of the branch, was accorded a hearty welcome.

A number of photographs of the members of the branch, taken on Anzac Day, were disposed of. A few copies still remain, and can be obtained from the secretary.

COLLIE

The president (Mr. H. May) presided over a large gathering of returned men at a recent meeting of the sub-branch. Among the correspondence read by the secretary (Mr. C. Francis) was a letter from the Australian War Memorial Committee thanking the branch for their efforts on its behalf in the sale of A.I.F. publications. For the information of returned soldiers generally, the secretary stated that samples of the books, which were selling rapidly, were on view in the window of Colbran's newspaper, C. E. Beange reported on the recent visit of a delegation to the Municipal Council with a view to improvements being effected to the Soldiers' Park, and intimated that Messrs. H. May (president), J. Giblett (vice-president), and C. Francis (secretary) had been appointed as representatives of the branch on the Soldiers' Park Committee. Mr. J. Giblett, secretary of the local branch of the T.H. organisation, gave an interesting address on the operations of that movement. The branch unanimously resolved to place one of its rooms at the disposal of the T.H. organisation, as a token of their moral support to the organisation. The secretary was instructed to write through the State Secretary to the Premier (Mr. F. Collier) and thank him for the attitude he adopted at the recent Premiers' Conference in regard to the celebration of Anzac Day. Several matters pertaining to returned men and their dependants were dealt with, and the conclusion of the meeting a pleasant half-hour was spent over a cup of coffee in discussing memories of humorous incidents during the days of the great war.

GUIDFORD-BASSENDEN

The usual monthly meeting of the sub-branch was held in the Town Hall, Bas senden, on Thursday evening, June 6. There was a large attendance of members. A letter was received from the Commonwealth War Memorial Committee, offering for sale authentic books dealing with the history of Australians at the war, and setting forth that the proceeds of their sale are to be devoted to the erection of a Commonwealth War Memorial at Canberra. After discussion, it was decided to buy the full set of books from the branch funds. The president and secretary reported visiting two returned soldiers, to whom sustenance had been given, and in one case that the goods donated by the branch had been obtained practically under false pretences. The sum of £5 was passed for sustenance to relieve distress in urgent cases of returned soldiers. Mr. H. Adie, the retiring president, declined nomination for the position for the forthcoming term. Mr. N. Graham was elected president without opposition. Messrs. Grieve and H. Adie were elected vice-presidents. Mr. H. L. Kirke was again elected unopposed to the position of hon. secretary, while Mr. Geo. Gardiner was elected treasurer, the honorary auditors being Messrs. F. Leng and D. Bridson, Messrs. Tracey, Bridson, Leng, Morley, H. Lewis, F. C. Smith and one other who were elected as a social committee. A considerable amount of discussion ensued over the attitude of the R.S.P. executive in rescinding the motion re the Midland Ladies' Auxiliary, who have to hold entertainments in districts where other ladies' auxiliaries are functioning. Many mem-

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June 30, 1929, to 397 Hay Street, Perth, where we are erecting a modern factory and installing new plant, when our equipment will be second to none, and with our capable and up-to-date staff we promise efficient service.

Owing to the steady increase of our business we have, for some time, felt the necessity of more elbow room. We thank the public for their practical confidence in us, and with our new facilities our customers will be guaranteed an even higher standard of efficiency.

OUR NEW PREMISES WILL BE SITUATED AT

397 HAY STREET (East), PERTH

Imperial Printing Co. LIMITED
RETURNED SOLDIERS

Perth's Particular Printers PHONE B4750 70 King Street, Perth

BOULDER

This sub-branch is making a strenuous effort to celebrate the Centenary year by securing a hundred per cent membership.

Anzac Day was celebrated successfully by a march in the morning to the monument in the Railway Reserve, where President Ted Lennell spoke impressively, and by a well-attended "smoke-o" at the Town Hall in the evening. At the "smoke-o" Mr. Griff. Richards was presented with a gold-mounted fountain pen and a gold-mounted pencil as a token of esteem and in recognition of valuable services rendered.

Boulder's total of new members will be hard to beat, 65 having been enrolled since 30th June, 1928.

The number of applications for assistance is increasing. Many ex-soldiers are arriving from Perth and Adelaide in search of employment, and as this is difficult to obtain in the present conditions of the mining industry, extra calls are being made on the Distress Committee. Up to twelve months ago this sub-branch rendered assistance irrespective of whether the applicant was a member of the League or not; but, now, owing to the increasing number of applications, it has been reluctantly compelled, except in very exceptional cases, to restrict such assistance to League members.

The enlarged group photo of the officers and men of the local fire brigade, now on view at Anderson's Studio, is greatly admired by the sex which likes to be called fair.

Arthur has been and gone and done it. Genial Tom Alderson still keeps up his form at billiards. Len Baker has secured a good appointment at Cook, on the Trans. Line. He is a great favourite and would be missed by all. The esteem in which the late Dr. Stacy was held is indicated by the large number of diggers who attended the funeral. Much sympathy is felt for Jack Cahill, who buried his little son last week. Bill Deering is away on three months' long service leave. He is greatly missed at the meetings.

MT. BARKER

Anzac Day in Mt. Barker was celebrated in fine style, this year's parade exceeding 1928. The address was given by Mr. Alex. Martin, who spoke impressively. The branch is indebted to the following for their assistance: Revs. W. Steele and R. S. Fellows, Messrs. Dyleveld and J. T. Martin (organist), and Mrs. G. H. Smith (pianist).

The sympathy of all members is extended to Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Morgan in their recent bereavement.

Members are reminded that all subs due should be paid this month, which is the
Annual Re-Union.

The Sub-Branch held their annual re-union and dinner, or, as Jimmy Morgan put it on the chair, "Haa-aa, christ," in the Patagonet District Hall on Saturday, May 25th. A large gathering of the local members and many visitors from the neighboring sub-branches attended, numbering 135 in all. Amongst the visitors seated at the head table with Tom Somness, the President of the branch, were Messrs. D. M. Benson and R. Cooke, of the Executive; Dr. A. D. Deane, Mr. Cook, of Katanning; Mr. Knight of Albany; Mr. Holmes of Denmark; and Mr. Payne, of Tambellup.

The tables were beautifully arrayed for the sumptuous repast prepared, thanks for which were due to Mrs. J. Fairclough, Mrs. Dawson, and their capable staff of girls. Short work was made of the chickens, ham, etc., conglomeration with assorted salads, followed by the dessert, pears and cream. Thus fortified, everyone joined in the discussion, and see what issued forth from the toast list.

The President, Mr. Tom Somness, read apologies from Col. Collett, General Jess, H. M. Morgan, Mr. Wittam, and Jack Fish.

Dr. A. D. Deane, a respected member of the district's community, at one time practitioner of the district, but now retired, had been specially invited to attend the re-union. In his remarks he stated that he appreciated the invitation, more especially as it had fallen to his lot to propose the most important toast of "Fallen Comrades." He well remembered the boys leaving for the front as if it were only yesterday, some perhaps with the spirit of adventure, some perhaps to see something of other cities, and some perhaps to see something of the Old Country, but at the bottom of it all, there was the sense of duty and the call of the Mother Country. Where were the comrades who had fallen by the way? They may not be very far from us on this evening; let us therefore bear a companion of the old in mind, and try to make the remainder as cheerful, for we shall surely hope to have a grander re-union on the other side.

One minute's silence passed, followed by the sounding of the "Last Post" by Mr. J. E. Martin, and the honoured toast to the departed comrades was drunk in silence.

In proposing the toast of the "R.S.L. Executive," Mr. H. V. Jenkin stated that the badge of the R.S.L. represented the emblem of loyalty and service to all comrades who had served in the war, and was therefore something for every digger to be proud of. He called on those present to rise and drink the toast of Col. Collett, Mr. Benson and all members of the R.S.L. Executive, whose sole object was to surround the object of the best service possible to all its branches and members.

"Bob" Cooke, of the R.S.L. Executive, responded on behalf of his co-workers. In his speech the presence of the State President, Col. Collett, whose time is fully taken up, he commended the Mt. Barker Sub-branch on its activities, and especially for its well-known 101 per cent, membership. He remarked on the active work necessary to gather such a fine membership, the credit especially being due to Percy Gillass as secretary. He mentioned that the Mt. Barker Branch was a shining light to others in the State, and was even known in the Eastern States. Relating to the Executive, Mr. Cooke stated that its members came from all classes of the community and did their best for the members associated with the League. He drew attention to the splendid work done by the Secretary to the Executive, Mr. Benson. The work of the League had steadily been increasing, and he was pleased to state that the Pension Appeal Act was now in force.

Mr. A. Townsend, from where the potatoes grow, toasted "The Army," touching on one or two reminiscences by the way. The toast was responded to by Mr. W. Armstrong, of Cranbrook.

Jack Johnson toasted "The Navy," known as "the Silent Service," and, as a sailor should, considered that had it not been for the Navy, the war would not have been won. This toast was heartily responded to by Mr. Rickby, of engine-driver fame.

Mr. Alec. Martin, in proposing the toast of "The Air Force," considered that up to the present there was not sufficient organisation in this direction in Australia, and hoped that with the strides being made in this direction, the air service in this country would be attained, as did exist in the Army and Navy. Mr. G. R. P. Wall supported the toast.

Mr. E. Elliott had so much to say in toasting "The Visiting Sub-Branches" that he could put it in no other words, and was ably supported by Mr. Tom Somness, of Katanning. Visitors from Katanning, Albany, Denmark and Tambellup districts, responded.

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Secure your fruit supply from

A "Jack" Michael
(Late 11th Bn.)
Barrow

In front of east end Boam Ltd., Wellington Street,
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"SWAN" BRAND MUSTARD PICKLES—Appetising, Figucent
WATCH KOORDA GROW
KOORDA CENTENNIAL HOSPITAL APPEAL

CASH CONSULTATION
£600 to 1s.
Organised and Conducted entirely by Returned Men of the Koorda District

Drawn in the Koorda Agricultural Hall, on July 27th, 1929. Drawing supervised by the police and Messrs. C. G. Elliott, J.P.; T. J. Marriott, J.P.; H. K. Marriott, J.P.; and W. Baldwin, J.P.

L. J. CARTER, HON. SECRETARY
H. A. Boyes, Esq., Hon. Organiser
J. Salinouer, Esq., 124 Bulwer St., Perth Representative

Separators

Efficiency and Economy are the two most important factors to consider when buying a Separator. The "DAHLIA" and "SYLVIA" are unrivalled for efficiency, and, combined with their low cost, cannot be beaten.

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<td>9 gallons</td>
<td>9 19 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13 gallons</td>
<td>12 7 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 gallons</td>
<td>17 2 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30 gallons</td>
<td>24 4 6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Terms can be arranged if desired at slightly higher rates, but cream suppliers will be considered cash buyers and may purchase on terms at above rates.

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